2 Year Rolling Topic - Cycle I: Science, Geography, DT, Art, PSHE, History, ICT, Music, Dance/P.E, French, R.E.

Gography Topic Tide Australia and Rasia returnal resources - equalities? By Enquiry Question for the term: By Enquiry Question for the term: What makes a legacy last? Knowledge / key country equal? Knowledge / key contexpts: Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Oceana concentrating on their environmental regions. key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities Merthy the position and singler cities Merthy the position and singler cities More flegation. Northern Hemisphere, Acct. and Amarctic Circle, Tropic of Camer and Captions, the features studied and longuide. Prime/Greenwich Heridian and mire zones (including day and night) Hattory Topic Tide: Mayans by English Reported and conview of early conflations to the term: Why does parlament run the country rather whose a parlament run the country rather whose physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities More deep / key concepts: Concertain Reports of the carries of the same and conview of early collisions and experiments of early collisions over time. Locate the world's countries, and major cities More deep / key concepts: Concertain Reports of the carries of early collisions and experiments of early collisions and ex		Δ11	<u>2 Tear Rolling Topic –</u> TUMN	Cycle 1: Science, Geography, DT, Art, PSH	e, History, IC 1, Music, Dance/P.E, French, F NNG		1MER
Russi natural resources - equalities? Big Enquiry Question for the term: Why does parlisment run the country rather than the Queent than the							
Big Enquiry Question for the term: Why does parliament not not concern rather than the Queen? **Nonwiedge / key concepts:** **Diff				,			
wider world Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs & digital technologies. Use maps, taises, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied Use the eight points of a compass to build their knowledge of the wider world Use symbols and key to build their knowledge of the wider world Use symbols and key to build their knowledge of the wider world Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs & digital technologies	CLASS 5	Russia natural resources - equalities? Big Enquiry Question for the term: Is every country equal? Knowledge / key concepts: • Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Oceania concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities • Identify the position and significance of Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, Tropic of Cancer and Capricorn, latitude and longitude, Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night) • Human geography, including the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water • Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied • Use the eight points of a compass to build their knowledge of the wider world • Use symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps,	power of monarchs Big Enquiry Question for the term: Why does parliament run the country rather than the Queen? Knowledge / key concepts: Construct simple reasoned arguments about aspects of events, periods and civilizations studied. Explain with examples why a source might be unreliable. Knows who the four monarchs were and when they reigned. Has an overview of the events in each monarch's reign and understands how they affected the relative power of the	Big Enquiry Question for the term: What makes a legacy last? Knowledge / key concepts: Maya civilisation Maya gods Maya number system Connections, contrasts and trends over time. Locate ancient Maya cities Frederick Catherwood- drawings Chichen Itza- create a leaflet for	Big Enquiry Question for the term: Is Copacabana a world away from our local area? Knowledge/ Key Concepts: Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities Identify the position and significance of Equator, Southern Hemisphere, Tropic of Cancer and Capricorn, Antarctic Circle, latitude and longitude, Greenwich/Prime Meridian and time zones (including day and night) Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region within South America Physical geography, including climate zones Physical geography, including biomes and vegetation belts Human geography, including types of settlement and land use Human geography, including economic activity Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied Use the eight points of a compass to build their knowledge of the wider world Use symbols and key to build their knowledge of the wider world Use sieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs	and overview of early civilisations. Big Enquiry Question for the term: How can we be sure of what really happened in our past? The achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of one of the following: Ancient Sumer; The Indus Valley; Ancient Egypt; The Shang Dynasty of Ancient China. Knowledge / key concepts: To match sources to a storyline To match captions to sources To sort sources into categories, either of their own choosing or as directed To identify that the sources depict different levels of Egyptian society (some show workers; others depict people of standing e.g. royal officials) To appreciate that much of the evidence for the story comes from archaeological fragments To grasp that ancient images are often difficult to interpret, but with close observation and a sense of period we can make sensible deductions To appreciate that experts, such as those at the British Museum, have interpreted objects and tomb paintings.	rivers and the water cycle Big Enquiry Question for the term: What if all the rivers on Earth stopped flowing? Knowledge / key concepts: Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time Identify the position and significance of Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, latitude, longitude, Tropic of Cancer and Capricorn Physical geography, including rivers Physical geography, including the water cycle Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied Use the eight points of a compass to build their knowledge of the United

Science Topic Title: Making new substances Knowledge / key concepts: • All matter (including gases) has mass. • Heating can sometimes cause materials to change permanently. When this happens, a new substance is made. These changes are not reversible.	Science Topic Title: Controlling electrical currents Knowledge / key concepts: • Batteries are a store of energy. This energy pushes electricity round the circuit. When the battery's energy is gone it stops pushing. Voltage measure the 'push'.		e it is absorbed by the blood. dy. ergy from food to do work: Oxygen is eart pumps blood through blood vessels	Science Topic Title: Light and how we see and Sound Knowledge / key concepts: •recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines •Light reflects of all objects (unless they are black). Non- shiny surfaces scatter the light so we don't see a single beam.	Science Topic Title: Forces that oppose motion • Air resistance and water are forces against motion caused by objects having to move air and water out of the way. • Friction is a force against motion
Sometimes mixed substances react to make a new substance. These changes are usually irreversible.	 Current is how much electricity is flowing round a circuit. The greater the current flowing through a device the harder it works. When current flows through wires heat is released. The greater the current the more heat is released. 	to the muscles, the muscles take the ox	ygen and naurents in our the blood.	 Animals see lights sources when light travels from the source into their eyes. Animals see objects when light is reflected off that object and enters their eyes. Sound travel can be blocked. Sound spreads out as it travels. Changing the shape, size and materials of an object will change the sound it produces. Sound is produced when an object vibrates. Changing the way an object vibrates changes its sound. Sound moves through all materials by making them vibrate. Bigger vibrations produce louder sounds and smaller vibrations produce quieter sounds. Faster vibrations (higher frequencies) produce higher pitched sounds. 	caused by two surfaces rubbing against each other. Some objects require large forces to make them move; gears, pulley and levers can reduce the force needed to make things move.
Art Topic Title: Victorian Artists Knowledge / key concepts: Uses a range of materials to produce line, tone and shade Uses techniques, colours, tools and effects to represent things seen, remembered or imagined Recreates images in 2D and 3D, looking at one area of experience. Artists Thomas Bewick William Morris Main art skills: Drawing Printing Digital Art	 DT Topic Title: Electricity games Knowledge / key concepts: Using electrical systems in products, including switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world 	 Art Topic Title: Photography Knowledge / key concepts: Superimposes using a combination of techniques and photographs Is aware of all basic principles and processes of photography, together with its limitations	 DT Topic Title: Pulleys, gears and levers Knowledge / key concepts: Using mechanical systems in products, such as gears, pulleys and levers. use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately 	 DT Topic Title: Cooking Knowledge / key concepts: Cook food; independently observe hygiene, health and safety precautions and hazards. Plan, budget, prepare and follow a recipe and cook food to match consumer preferences. Analyse appearance, smell, taste, texture, colour, how grown, how produced, how eaten, cost, weight, shape and preference. Weigh and measure accurately, time, dry ingredients and liquids. Demonstrate accurate use of equipment using safe working practices, Indentify ways to modify recipes to make healthier choices. Use ICT to research. 	 Art Topic Title: Collage Knowledge / key concepts: River collage – Create a design, using knowledge of techniques, for a specific outcome Applies knowledge of different techniques as a form of expression. Artist: Karen Lynch Main art skills: collage digital art.
Computing Sharing Information In this unit, learners will develop: • their understanding of computer systems and how information is transferred between systems and devices. • will consider small-scale systems as well as large-scale systems. • will explain the input, output, and process aspects of a variety of different real-world systems.	Computing Flat-file Databases In this unit, learners will develop: • how a flat-file database can be used to organise data in records. • how to use tools within a database to order and answer questions about data. • how to create graphs and charts from their data to help solve problems.	In this unit, learners will use: • physical computing to explore the concept of selection in programming through the use of the Crumble programming environment. • will be introduced to a microcontroller (Crumble controller) and learn how to connect and program	Computing Selection in quizzes In this unit, pupils develop: their knowledge of selection by revisiting how conditions can be used in programs and then learning how the If Then Else structure can be used to select different outcomes depending on whether a condition is true or false. They represent this understanding in algorithms	Computing Vector Drawing In this unit learners will find out: that vector images are made up of shapes. They will learn how to use the different drawing tools and how images are created in layers. They will explore the ways in which images can be grouped and duplicated to support them in creating more complex pieces of work.	Video Editing Learners will learn: • how to create short videos • topic-based language and develop the skills of capturing, editing, and manipulating video. • have the opportunity to reflect on and assess their progress in creating a video.

 will also take part in a collaborative online project with other class members and develop their skills in working together online. 	 how to use a real-life database to answer a question, and present their work to others. 	components (including output devices- LEDs and motors) through the application of their existing programming knowledge. are introduced to conditions as a means of controlling the flow of actions and make use of their	 and then by constructing programs using the Scratch programming environment. They use their knowledge of writing programs and using selection to control outcomes to design a quiz in response to a given task and implement it 	use the Google Drawings app other alternative pieces of software are available.	
RE Topic Title: Eid-ul-Adha	RE Topic Title: Incarnation	knowledge of repetition and conditions when introduced to the concept of selection (through the if, then structure). RE Topic Title: Rules in religion	a given task and implement it as a program. RE Topic Title: Salvation	RE Topic Title: Places of worship	RE Topic Title: Creation
 Knowledge / key concepts: To describe their own responses to sacrifice in their experience To describe how sacrifice applies to their own and others' lives To describe the meaning of sacrifice To describe how Muslims, focus on sacrifice during the festival of Eid-ul-Adha To describe the importance of sacrifice to Muslims during Eid ul Adha. 	Knowledge / key concepts: Why do Christians believe Jesus is God on Earth? Year 6- Buried Church	 Knowledge / key concepts: To understand different ideas and values, and begin to understand why people have different views To research the origins of the beatitudes To learn about Mitzvot 	Knowledge / key concepts: What difference does the resurrection make for Chritians?	 Knowledge / key concepts: Create a model place of worship Research and compare synagogue and church features Discuss the differences and similarities 	Knowledge / key concepts: • Should Christians be greener than anyone else?
French Introducing myself Age Where I live Family members Pets Numbers and dates Grammar Personal pronouns avoir and etre	French Describing myself and the staff in our school. Appearance, height Prepositions Describe where things are with respect to each other. Christmas Describing your Christmas tree – how many and what colour are the baubles/tinsel? etc.	French Telling the time (Digital) Reading times in context TV Guides, Cinema, football matches etc. At the bus/train station Includes places and bus and train timetables.	French Ordering food in cafés and restaurants Necessary food vocab and revision of: numbers and personal pronouns.	French Holidays Modes of transport Reading timetables. Include revision of dates and includes digital time.	French French history Taught in English to include The French Revolution The Sun King (Louis XIV) French Artists French Authors.
 P.E Key skills: use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination Gym Netball 	 P.E Key skills: use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination Hockey Dance 	 P.E Key skills: develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance Perform dances using a range of movement patterns Basketball 	 P.E Key skills: develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance Gym Rugby 	 P.E Key skills: play competitive games, modified where appropriate Athletics Cricket 	P.E Key skills: compare their performances with previous ones demonstrate improvement to achi their personal best Athletics Rounders

PSHE/RSE	PSHE/RSE	PSHE/RSE	
Relationships	Health and Well- being	Living in the Wider World	
How do relationships change as we get older?	Recap puberty. How do humans reproduce? (consider splitting year groups)	How can we be active citizens? Human rights NOIS: Dreams of Freedom NOIOS: The Artist who painted a Blue Horse RADE PSHE/RSE	
CWP Year 6 lesson	CWP Year 5 lesson 3		
NOIOS: Love you Forever	CWP Year 6 Jesson J		
CWP Year 6 Lesson 2	CWP Year 6 lesson 3		
Challenging stereotypes and discrimination.			
NOIOS: And Tango makes Three	PSHE/RSE		
NOIOS: My Princess Boy			
	How can we keep healthy – a balanced lifestyle and how this affects us. How can	Personal finance: looking after money PSHE ASSOC. Research, discuss and debate health and wellbeing issues. Active citizenship in making and changing rules. Human rights; practise against human rights. Antisocial behaviour; how to handle and challenge.	
 Personal safety; confidentiality and when it might be necessary to break; 	we help in an accident emergency?		
managing dares; that mental health issues can be supported and treated; how	NOIOS: How to Heal a Broken Wing		
to reframe unhelpful thinking	110103. Flow to Ficul a Bloken Willig		
to remaine unneighbir unnking	 Influences on food and diet; balanced lifestyle and how this effects 		
Different types of relationships; skills to maintain positive relationship;	emotional and mental wellbeing; how images in the media can distort		
unhealthy relationships (including forced marriage); committed, loving	reality and associated feelings		
relationships; marriage.	reality and associated feelings	Balance of rights; responsibilities and duties.	
relationships, marriage.	 Changes at puberty recapped from Y4/5. 	balance of rights, responsibilities and duties.	
 Respecting others viewpoint; challenging stereotypes; correct use of terms to 	Changes at public ty recapped from 14/3.	Personal finance affecting life style choices; looking after money.	
describe sex, gender identify and sexual orientation.	• Year 6 human reproduction in context of human lifecycle; how a baby is		
describe sex, gender identity and sexual orientation.	 Year 6 human reproduction in context of human lifecycle; how a baby is made and grows; that pregnancy can be prevented; roles and 		
	responsibilities of parents and carers.		
	Independence; increased responsibility; keeping safe; influences on		
	behaviour; resisting pressure; How can we help in an accident		
	emergency?		
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Music-Livin' On a Prayer Music Christmas Music and carol services	Music- Jazz Music- Dancing in The Street	Music- Reflect, Rewind and Replay (RRR) Music- Performance and You've got a	
I can sing as part of an ensemble	To compose complex rhythms To appropriately discuss the	I can create a simple composition	
To develop an increasing with full confidence and precision.	using my aural memory and dimensions of music and	and record it using formal • Leavers production	
understanding of the history and	understand how pulse, rhythm recognise them in music	notation. • To play and perform in solo or	
context of music.	and pitch work together heard.	ensemble contexts with increasing	
	To improvise and compose	Year 6-I can deepen my accuracy, control, fluency and	
To appreciate and understand a	music for a range of purposes • To listen with attention to	understanding and use of formal, expression.	
wide range of high-quality live	using the inter-related detail and recall sounds with	written notation which includes	
and recorded music from	dimensions of music increasing aural memory and	staff, semibreves and dotted	
different traditions and from	accuracy.	crotchets	
great composers and musicians.	I can improvise with increasing		
	confidence using my own		
	voice, rhythms and varied		
	pitch.		
	Process		